

INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING AND WHAT'S NEW IN WASHINGTON



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Rural Digital Opportunity Fund



Robocalls

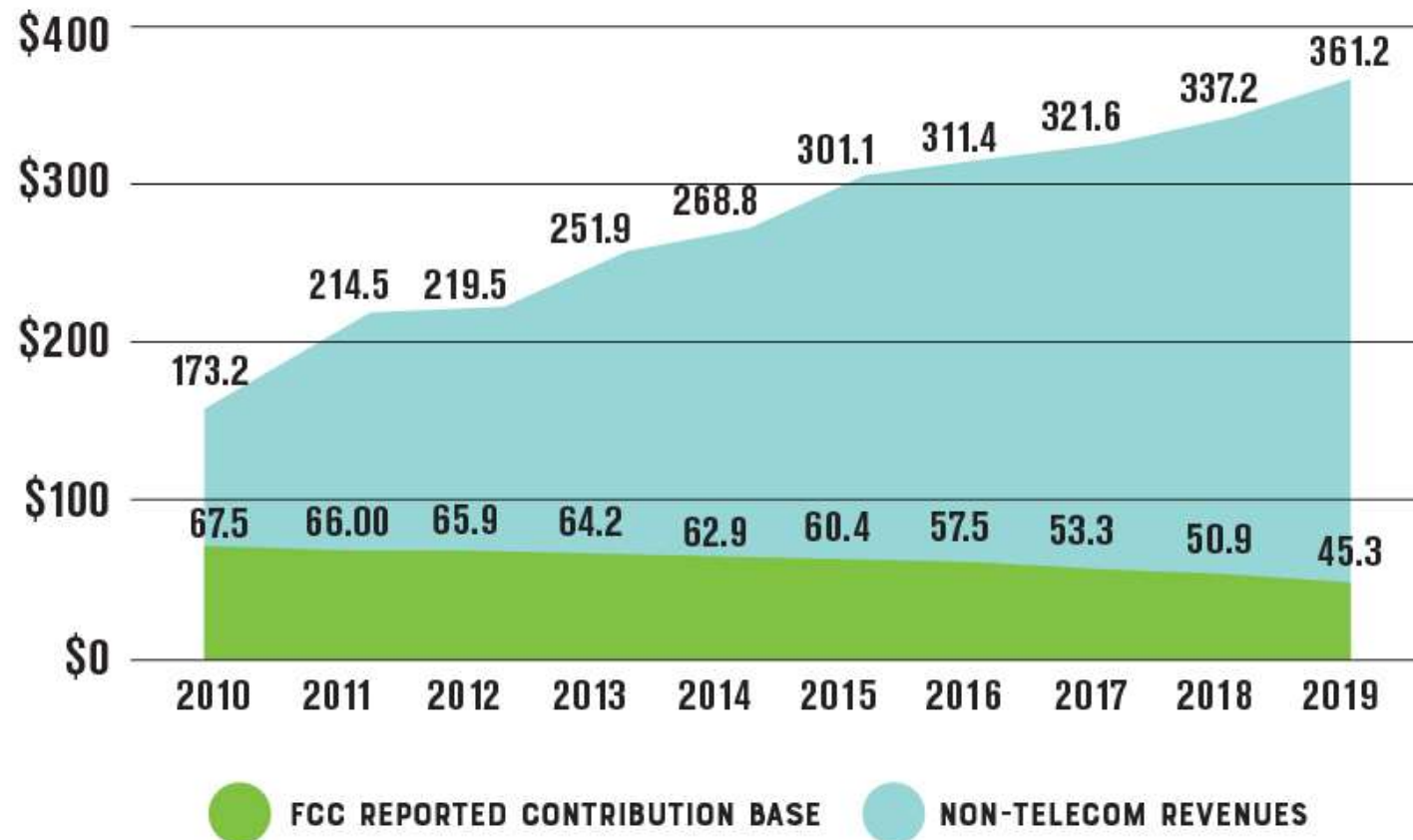
Small Provider (Fewer than 100K) extension from call-Authentication rules

- FCC data shows that ‘small’ providers are responsible for originating large amounts of unwanted calls – yet these are not rural carriers
- FCC proposal to solve this problem is overinclusive and would sweep in innocent actors.

Call authentication/blocking/labeling – things to look out for

- ‘Out-of-band’ call authentication standard (that would allow TDM carriers to sign calls) is progressing – but real battles are ahead in terms of implementation.
- Call ‘labelling’ is an unregulated wild west – there are no protections in place if rural carriers’ calls are labeled as suspicious
- IP interconnection remains a concern for rural carriers seeking to authenticate calls – service quality, transports, costs and transaction costs are all in play here.

Revenue Trends Over the Last Decade (billions)



Source: Contribution base from 2020 USF Monitoring Report Table 1.5;
Non-Telecom Revenues from 2020 USF Monitoring Report Table 1.2.

USForward 

Read the New Report

ReConnect



Committed to the future of rural communities.

New Federal Broadband Funding

- **Consolidated Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act, March 2020**

- Coronavirus Relief Fund (\$150 billion to State governments, subject to U.S. Treasury Guidance)
- COVID-19 Telehealth Program, Round 1 (\$200 million to the FCC)

- **Consolidated Appropriations Act, Dec. 2020**

- Emergency Broadband Benefit Program (\$3.2 billion to the FCC)
- COVID-19 Telehealth Program, Round 2 (\$249.95 million to the FCC)
- Funding for Secure and Trusted Communications Network Reimbursement Program (\$1.9 billion to the FCC)
- Tribal Broadband Connectivity Program (\$1 billion to NTIA)
- Broadband Infrastructure Program (\$288 million to NTIA)
- Connecting Minority Communities Pilot Program (\$285 million)
- Funding for ongoing USDA programs:
 - ReConnect Pilot Program (\$635 million)
 - Rural Telecommunications Loan Program (\$690 million)
 - Broadband Access Loan and Loan Guarantee Program (\$11.8 million)
 - Community Connect Grant Program (\$35 million)
 - Distance Learning and Telemedicine Grants Program (\$60 million)

New Federal Broadband Funding Continued

- **American Rescue Plan Act, March 2021**

- Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (\$350 billion to State and Local Governments, subject to U.S. Treasury guidance)
- Capital Projects Fund (\$10 billion to State Governments, subject to U.S. Treasury guidance)
- Emergency Connectivity Fund (\$7.17 billion to the FCC)
- Homeowner Assistance Fund (\$9.61 billion to Treasury)

* Allowable use for broadband expansion under each program listed above



**Even More Broadband
Funding Incoming**

NTCA Priorities for Infrastructure Broadband Deployment

Deploy Future-Proof Networks

Direct Funding to Unserved Areas First

Coordinate with and Leverage Existing
Broadband Programs

Both Commercials and Cooperatives
Should Be Included

Address Supply Chain Shortages

BIF Package Passes

\$64 Billion for Broadband

- **\$42.45 billion** grant program through NTIA
- **\$14.2 billion** for affordability program (renames EBB)
- **\$2.75 billion** for state-based adoption and digital literacy grants
- **\$2 billion** to USDA's ReConnect program
- **\$2 billion** for NTIA Tribal Broadband Connectivity Program
- **\$1 billion** for NTIA middle-mile grant program

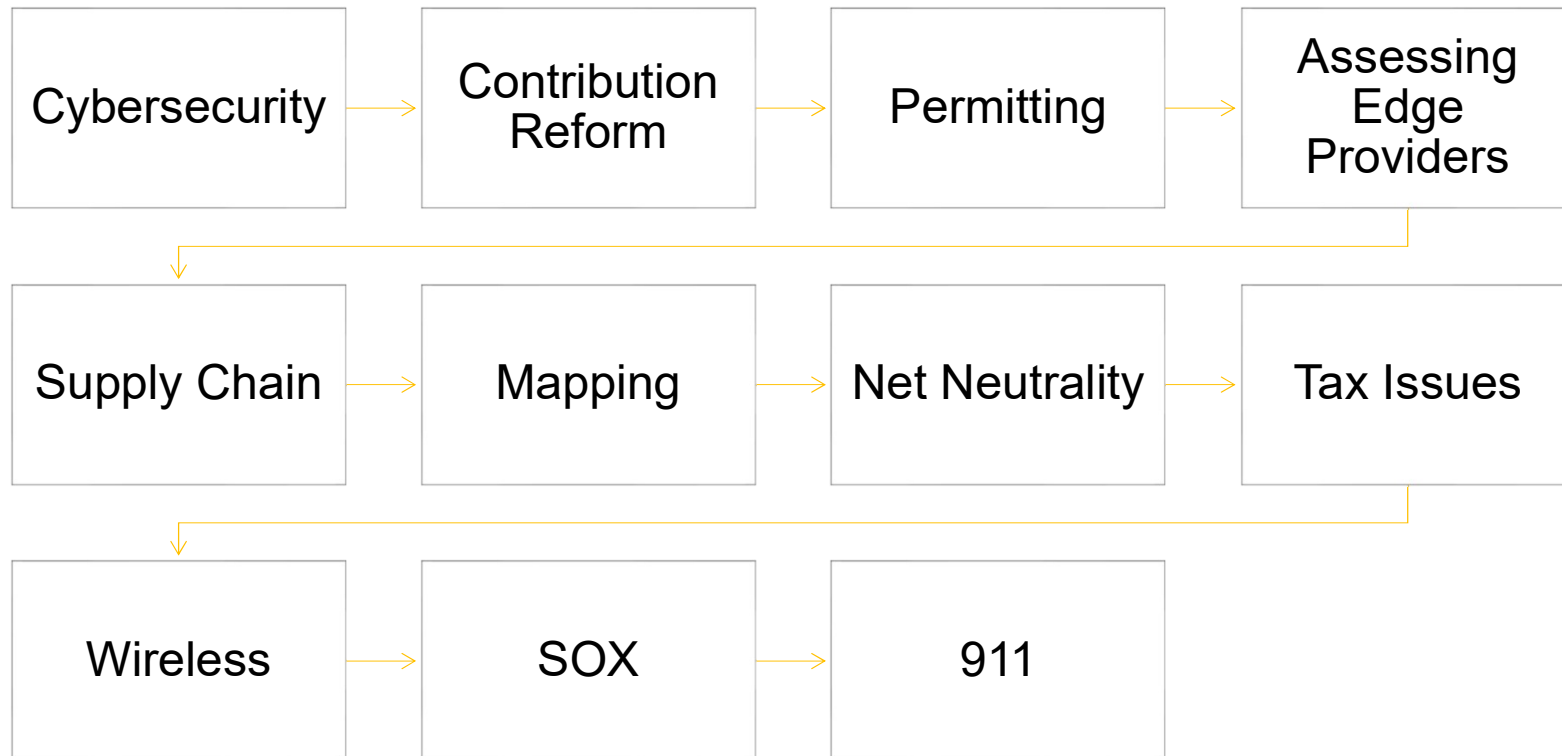
NTIA Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment (BEAD) program

- Grants funneled through state programs to providers promising to serve **80% without 25/3 Mbps** (then 100/20)
- No preference on type of broadband provider
- Providers must deploy at least **100/20 Mbps** within 4 years
- Each state gets at least **\$100 million**, rest based on unserved
- Funding can't go out until new FCC maps are finished
- **Priority** broadband project language is key
- Coordination, vetting, challenge process policies included

Affordable Connectivity Program

- Replacement of EBB is now a **permanent** program
- **\$14.2 billion** to be used until expensed with
- Subsidy will provide **\$30 per month** to low-income individuals
- Subsidy will provide **\$75 per month** to tribal individuals
- Directs FCC to adopt rules on consumer protections, consumer broadband labels, and digital discrimination

Other Issues



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NTCA 2021

TELECOM EXECUTIVE FORUM

NOVEMBER 14–17

National Harbor, Maryland • Gaylord National Resort & Convention Center

THE MEETING FOR TELCO EXECUTIVES

